electrobase®

Powered by tuya Intelligence Inside

Single-phase multifunction energy meter 1F-4DIN 4121 WIFI

User Guide V1.0

Safety Information

Important Information

Read these instructions carefully and look at the equipment to become familiar with the device before trying to install, operate, service or maintain it. The following special messages may appear throughout this bulletin or on the equipment to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies or simplifies a procedure.

The addition of either symbol to a "Danger" or "Warning" safety label indicates that an electrical hazard exists which will result in personal injury if the instructions are not followed.

This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

DANGER
DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which,if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING
WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION
CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE
NOTICE is used to address practices not related to physical injury. The safety alert symbol shall not be used with this signal word.

Please Note

Electrical equipment should be installed, operated,serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is asumed by Nova for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction, installation, and operation of electrical equipment and has received safety training to recongnize and avoid the hazards involved.

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Chapter 1. Overview

1.1.   Introduction

1F-4DIN 4121 WIFI series products are the signle phase multi-function meter for collection, analysis and remote control of electric parameters. This series products can support wireless communication way like WIFI. Carrying Tuya platform can realize the remote access of mobile APP terminal and operation for relay. This series products can provide a variety of analytical parameters, such as voltage, current, power, power factor ect. Meanwhile it also can provide variety of electric energy parameter measurement, such as two-way active energy, reactive energy, monthly and daily electricity consumption statistics. This series products can support in the 1P2W grid environment analysis of electric power parameter measurement, as well as the inbuilt-relay can support remote control, prepay management control and other functions, suitable for school management, shopping mall charge management, real time power monitoring system and many other application environment, have the multi-function, many applications, high stability and long life characteristics. This series products have RS485 communication interface, baud rate up to 9600bps, support Modbus protocol, which can easily realize the function of remote data read, and adopt the design of large-screen LCD and press button, which can easily carry out the local view and set operation of various parameters. The product has the function of password protection, which ensures the data security of the product.

1.2.   Characteristics

- ➢ Maximum current 80A direct access
- ➢ By carrying Tuya platform, the meter can connect the internet automatically and remote data collection, control relay.
- ➢ Multi-function parameter measurement, providing voltage, current, active power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor, phase Angle, etc
- ➢ Providing a variety of statistical data and local storage functions, such as two-way energy, demand and other statistical data. Provide monthly electricity consumption statistics for the last 12 months and daily electricity consumption statistics for the last 31 days.
- ➢ Support electricity parameter monitoring alarm function.
- ➢ In-built relay, support relay remote control and prepay management control.
- ➢ Support one pulse optocoupler outlet interface, can set pulse output parameter.
- ➢ Support RS485 communication function, baud rate up to 9600bps, support Modbus RTU.
- ➢ Support WIFI wireless communication.
- ➢ DIN rail mounting
- ➢ Big LCD screen with backlit, backlight lighting time adjustable.
- ➢ LCD refresh time is 1 second, support manual or automatic scroll display (configurable).

1.3.   Parameters

1. The Unit can measure and display	
Instantaneous RMS Values	
Current	Phase current
Voltage	L-N

| Frequency	45 to 65Hz
Power	Active power
Power factor	Power factor
Energy Value	
Total active energy	0 to 999999.999 kWh
2. The Unit can measure and communication read	
Instantaneous RMS Values	
Power	Reactive power, Apparent power
Maximum Demand Values	
Max.Demand of current	Phase current
Max.Demand of power	Active power, Reactive power, Apparent power
Energy Values (include: import, export, import + export)	
Active energy	0 to 999999.999 kWh
Reactive energy	0 to 999999.999 kvarh
Multi-Tariff active energy (T1 - T4)	0 to 999999.999 kWh, include: import, export, import+export
Multi-Tariff reactive energy (T1 - T4)	0 to 999999.999 kvarh, include: import, export, import+export
Monthly electricity consumption for the last 12 months	Total active energy Range: 0 to 999999.999 kWh
Daily energy consumption for the last 31 days	Total active energy Range: 0 to 999999.999 kWh
3. The Unit can settable	
Communication class	Modbus address, baud rate, parity bit, stop bit
System configuration class	User password (HMI), Reset Max.Demand
Demand class	Demand interval period, Slide time
Pulse output class	Pulse output type, Pulse output width, Pulse output rate
Time class	Automatic scroll display time, Backlit time, System time (RTC), Tariff time
Alarm class	Alarm object, alarm action delay time, alarm threshold value, alarm status view

Chapter 2. Technical parameters specification

2.1. Specification

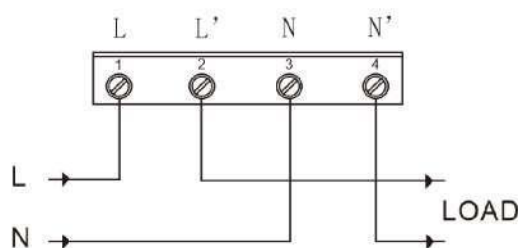| **Electrical Characteristics**		
Type of measurement		RMS including harmonics on AC system, support Single Phase Two Wire
Measurement accuracy	Voltage, Current	Class 0.2, according IEC 61557-12
	Active power	Class 1 / 0.5, according IEC 61557-12
	Reactive power	Class 2, according IEC 61557-12
	Apparent power	Class 1, according IEC 61557-12
	Active energy	Class 1 / 0.5S, according IEC 62053-22, IEC 61557-12
	Reactive energy	Class 2, according IEC 62053-23, IEC 61557-12
	Power factor	Class 1, according IEC 61557-12
	Frequency	Class 0.2, according IEC 61557-12
Data update rate		1 second

Input-Voltage	Rate voltage (Un)	230 Vac
	Direct connection	Measured range : 85 to 270 Vac
	Frequency range	45 to 65 Hz
	Overload capacity	2*Un for 1 second
Input-Current	Measured range	0.005 to 80 A, basic current (Ib) is 5A
	Overload capacity	30*Imax for 0.01 second
Pulse output	Interface type	Open collector optocoupler
	Pulse constant	1000 / 100 / 10 / 1 imp/kWh(kvarh) (Configurable)
	Pulse width	60/100/200 milliseconds (Configurable), default is 100milliseconds
	Pulse output type	Import/export/total active energy, Import/export/total reactive energy (Configurable)
	Class	Class A, according IEC 62053-31
	Input voltage	5 ~ 27 Vdc
Pulse indicator light on the panel		Pulse constant is 1000imp/kWh
Real-time clock accuracy		0.5 s/d

Mechanical Characteristics

IP Degree of Protection (IEC 60529)	Designed to IP51 front display, IP30 meter body
Dimensions (W X H X D)	75 x 98 x 80 mm
Mounting Position	DIN Rail mounting
Material of meter case	UL 94 V-0

Environmental Characteristics

Operating Temperature	-25 to +55℃
Storage Temperature	-40 to +80℃
Humidity	< 90%, non-condensing
Pollution Degree	2
Altitude	Up to 2000m
Vibration	10 Hz to 150Hz, IEC 60068-2-6

Electromagnetic Characteristics

Electrostatic Discharge	Level 4, according IEC 61000-4-2[1]
Immunity to Radiated Fields	Level 3, according IEC 61000-4-3[1]
Immunity to Electrical Fast Transients	Level 4, according IEC 61000-4-4[1]
Immunity to Surges	Level 4, according IEC 61000-4-5[1]
Immunity to Conducted Disturbances	Level 3, according IEC 61000-4-6[1]
Immunity to Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8[1]
Immunity to Voltage Dips	IEC 61000-4-11[1]
Radiated Emissions	Class B, according EN55011
Conducted Emissions	Class B, according EN55011
Harmonics	IEC 61000-3-2[1]

(1): The experimental test is carried out according to the grade requirements of industrial grade products in IEC61326-1

Safety

| Measurement Category | CAT III, according IEC 61010-1 |
| Overvoltage Category | CAT III, according IEC 61010-1 |
| Insulation | AC Voltage Test: 4kV for 1 minute |

	Impulse Voltage Test: 6kV - 1.2/50µS waveform
Protective Class	II, according IEC61010-1
Bus Communications	
Interfaces standard and protocols	2-wire RS485, Modbus RTU Optional: MBus
Buad rate	1200 to 9600 bps, default is 9600 bps
Parity bit	None, Even, Odd, default is None
Stop bit	1 or 2, default is 1
Response time	<100ms
Transmission mode	half-duplex
Transmission distance	Up to 1000m
Max. Bus loading	32 pcs
Wireless communication	
Supported wireless types	WIFI

2.2. Installation dimensions
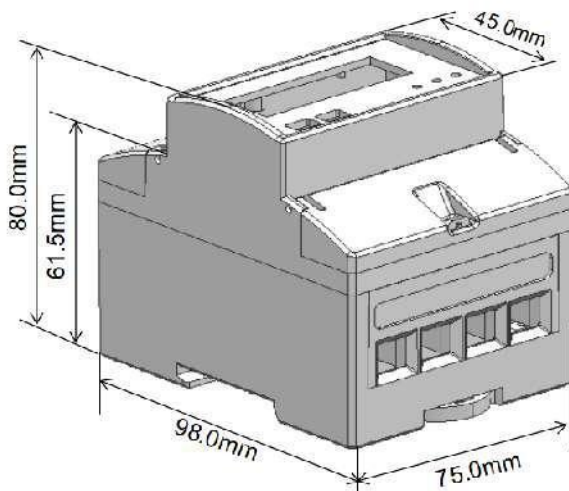
2.3. Wiring Diagrams

Measurement input wiring	
Single phase two wire (1P2W)	
Communication terminal wiring	
Single meter wiring	Multiple meters wiring
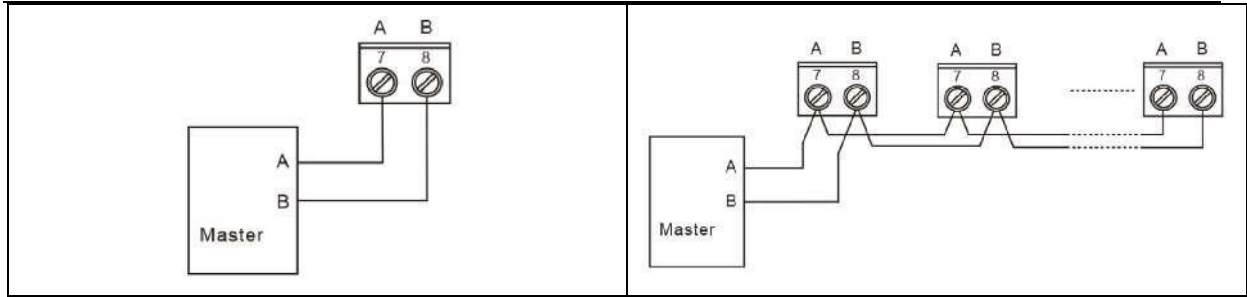
Pulse output terminal wiring

Resistance

Pulse counter
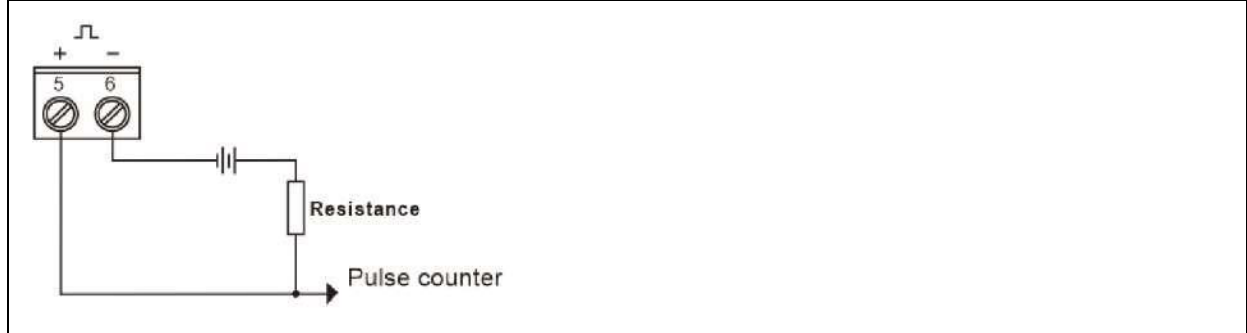
Chapter 3. General function description

3.1. Multi-tariffs function

The multi-tariffs function refers to the function that the meter realizes time-sharing measurement of electric quantity. The power meter divides the 24 hours of a day into several time periods, and then specifies the rate number for each time period. Then the power meter accumulates the amount of electricity in time division according to the pre-divided time period, and stores it to the position of the rate number corresponding to each time period, so as to realize the function of time-division measurement of electricity.

The meter used the method of the tariff number correlation to the starting time point to realize the tariff segment division. The power meter support up to 8 starting time points and up to 4 tariff segments (T1, T2, T3 and T4).

Figure 3-1: The starting time points of the tariff segment
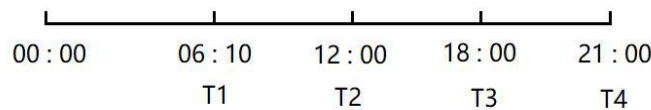
As shown in Figure 3-1, 06:10 designated as the start time of tariff 1 (T1), 12:00 designated as the start time of tariff 2 (T2), 18:00 designated as the start time of tariff 3 (T3), 21:00 designated as the start time of tariff 4 (T4), so tariff 1 time range is 06:10 to 12:00, tariff 2 time range is 12:00 to 18:00, tariff 3 time range is 18:00 to 21:00, tariff 4 time range is   21:00 to tomorrow 06:10.

Note: The tariff parameters can be set by communication commands (Please refer to the relevant communication protocol document for the register address).

3.2. Demand calculation method

The block intervals are sliding, the power meter calculates and update the demand at the sliding speed.

Figure 3-2: Diagram of sliding block interval calculation method
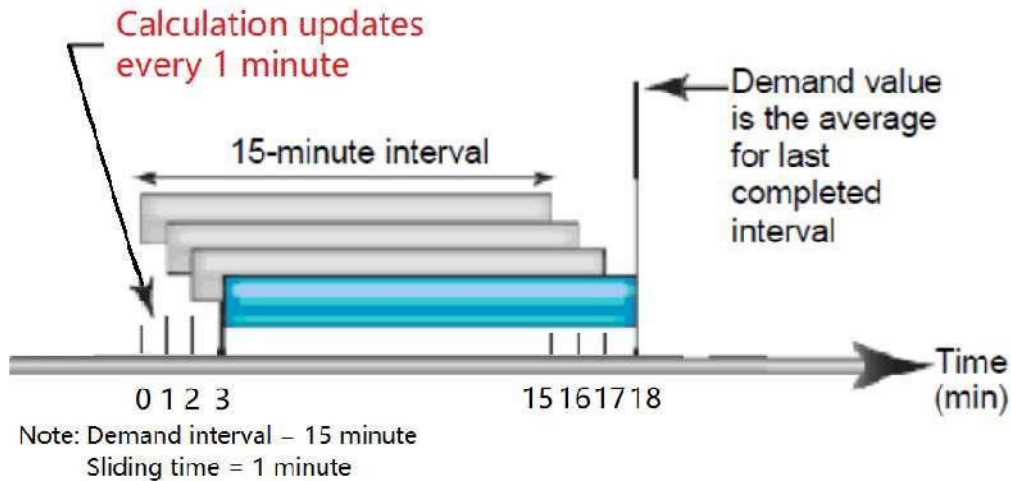
As shown in Figure 3-2, the first demand calculation is made at the 15th minute, and the demand calculation data is between the 0th and the 15th minute. At the 16th minute, do the second demand calculation, and the demand calculation data is between the 1th and the 16th minute. At the 17th minute, do the third demand calculation, and the demand calculation data is between the 2th and the 17th minute.

3.3.   Definition of monthly freeze and daily freeze

The **1F-4DIN 4121 WIFI** meter provides the statistical function of monthly and daily electricity consumption. For the time point of monthly freezing and daily freezing, free setting operation can be realized through Tuya APP. The meter can monitor the current time in real time, when the time reaches the set monthly freezing date, the meter will automatically freeze the monthly electricity consumption; when the time reaches the set daily freezing time, the meter will automatically freeze the daily freezing time.The definition of the freezing rule is detailed below:

3.3.1.   Monthly freeze rules

The monthly freezing is set by the value of the date. When the time reaches 00:00 of the set date, the meter will freeze the current electricity quantity used and save it as the electricity consumption of the previous month.Ruling definition of month freezing date: the month frozen date is set before 15 days (including 15 days), when the frozen energy is divided into the electricity consumption of the previous month, and the date of the month freezing is set after 15 days, when the month frozen acts, the frozen energy is divided into the electricity consumption of the current month.

Example 1:
The date of monthly freezing is set to 5, assuming the current is 20:00 on July 4, then when the time reaches 00:00 on July 5, the meter will perform the freezing operation of monthly electricity consumption, dividing the frozen electricity consumption for June (00:00 on June 5 to 00:00 on July 5).

In accordance with the above freezing rules:

Inquiry the July electricity consumption of the meter before 00:00 on July 5 will show 0, because the meter has not reached the monthly freezing date, so the accumulated energy at this time is still the electricity consumption in June.

Example 2:

The date of monthly freeze is set to 27, assuming the current time is 20:00 on July 26, then when the time reaches 00:00 on July 27, the meter will perform the freezing operation of monthly electricity consumption, dividing the frozen electricity consumption for July (00:00 on June 27 to 00:00 July 27).

3.3.2 Daily freeze rules

The daily freezing is set by the value of the time point. When the time reaches the set time point, the meter will freeze the current electricity quantity used and save it as the electricity consumption of the previous day.

Example 1:

The time of daily freezing is set to 3, assuming the current time is 02:00 on July 5, then when the time reaches 03:00 on July 5, the meter will perform the freezing operation of daily electricity consumption, dividing the frozen electricity consumption on July 4 (03:00 on July 4 to 03:00 on July 5).

Example 2:

The time of daily freezing is set to 20, assuming the current time is 02:00 on July 5, then when the time reaches 20:00 on July 5, the meter will perform the freezing operation of daily electricity consumption, dividing the frozen electricity consumption on July 4 (20:00 on July 4 to 20:00 on July 5).

In accordance with the above freezing rules:

If you inquiry the electricity consumption on July 5 at the period between on 20:00 on July 4 to 19:59 on July 5, the meter will show 0. Because the meter has not reached the daily freezing time point, so the accumulated electricity consumption at this time is still the electricity consumption on July 4.

Inquiry the meter electricity consumption on July 5 at the period between on 20:00 July 5 to 19:59 July 6, then the current accumulated electricity consumption value is displayed.

3.3.3 How to setting the month freeze date and day freeze time

Open the Tuya APP, to find the meter to be set up, click to enter the meter interface , click the setting button in the bottom right corner of the screen to enter the setup interface, click "Frozen Set" on the setting interface, select the month freezing date and day freezing time to be set, click the "confirm" button to set up.
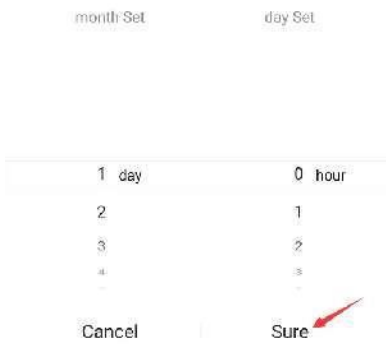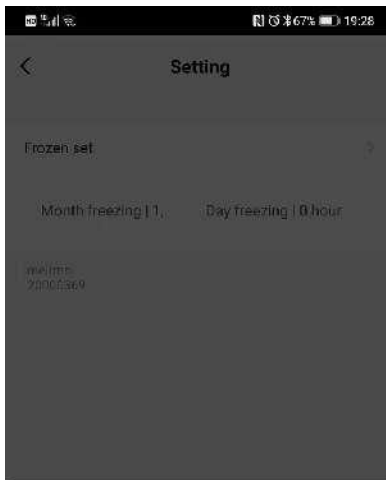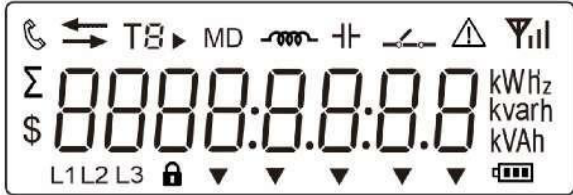
Note:

1. The default month freezing date of the meter is 1th and the day freezing time is 00:00.

2. After reset the freeze date and time, the meter automatically reset data on monthly and daily consumption and then reaccumulates.

Chapter 4. Operation

4.1. Meter startup instructions

After the **1F-4DIN 4121 WIFI** series products are properly wired and connected to the power supply, the products will first enter the self-test process, under which the LCD screen display sequence is shown as follows:

First screen display	Display full screen characters	
Second screen display	Displays the software version number of the power meter	

4.2. LCD display area description
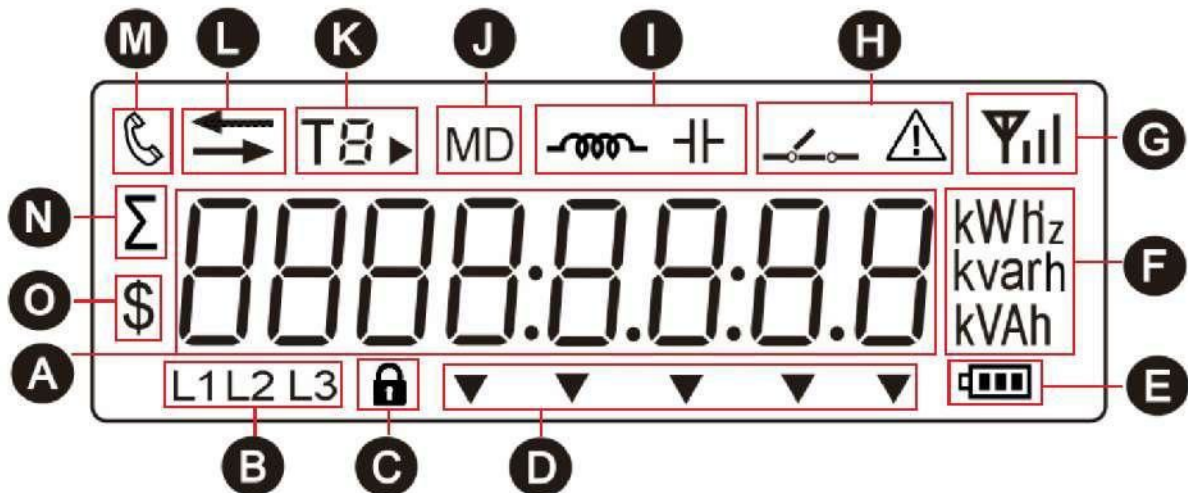
A: Measured values.

B: Phase information icon.

C: Lock icon, dicates that the device is locked.

D: Auxiliary display icon.

E: Battery status Icon displays the battery status.

F: An icon of a unit of measurement data.

G: Wireless signal strength icon.

H: Relay status and warning Status icon.

I: Display icon of the load feature.

J: Maximum demand icon.

K: Multi tariff icon indicating the tariff segment to which the current energy. ▶ represents the tariff

number displayed as the running tariff segment. For example: T2▶ The figure on the left

represents that the tariff 2 (T2) segment is running, and the accumulated energy will be counted into the corresponding energy area of tariff 2 (T2).

L: Direction icon for import and export, ➡ mean import, ⬅ mean export.

M: Communication Status Icon.

N: Sum icon, which indicates that the data currently displayed is the sum parameter

O: Currency indicator icon.

4.3. Network config operation

Step 1: After completing the wiring according to the wiring diagram of the meter, then power on the meter.

Step 2: Connect the phone's WIFI to the router that the meter needs to connect (make sure 2.4G WIFI, will otherwise cause subsequent config network failure).

Step 3: Open the Tuya smart APP, and click the Add Device button to select "Smart Meter (WIFI)" in the "Energy" category.

Step 4: Verify whether the name and password of the WIFI hotspot prompted on the mobile phone interface belong to the target router needing to be connected. After confirming the information, click the "Next" button to operate according to the prompts to complete the operation of the distribution network.

Note: During network config, you are advised to enable bluetooth for your mobile phone to improve the smooth network config.

Example:
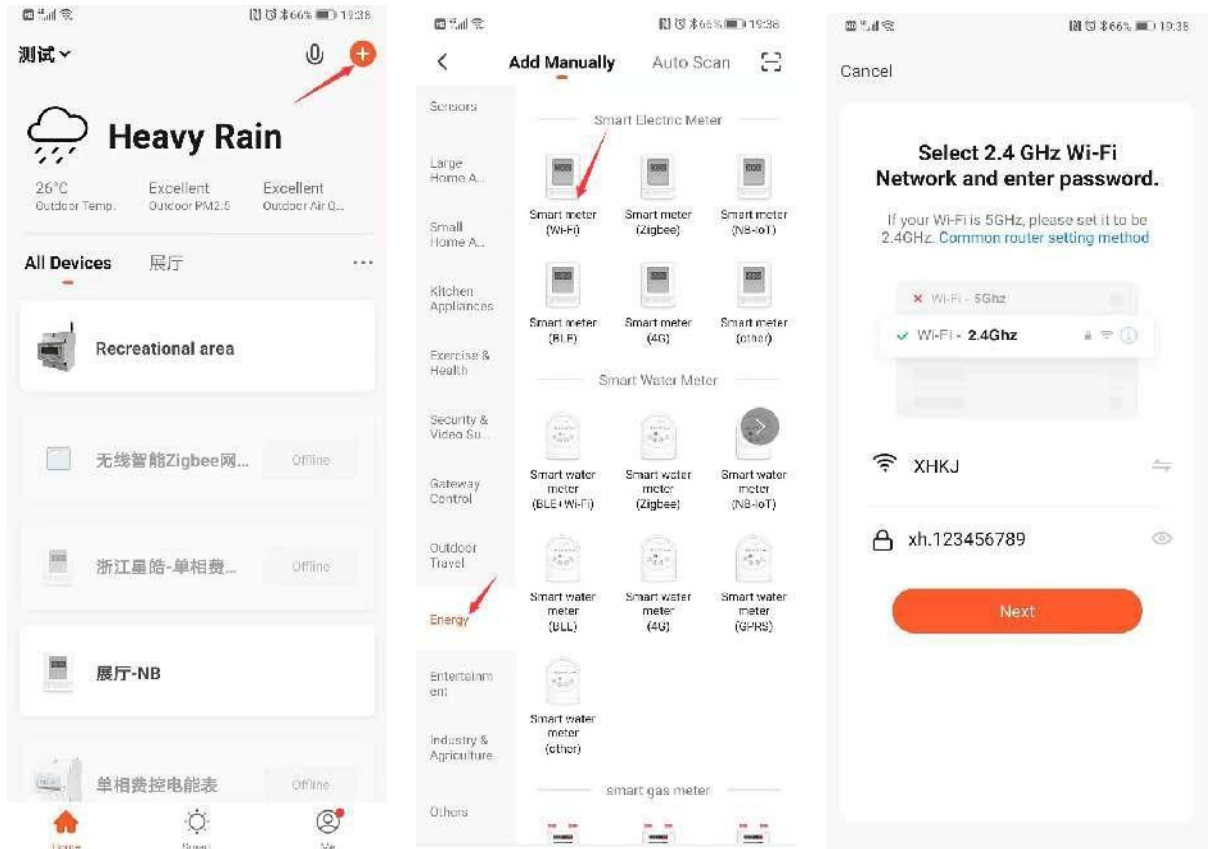
4.4. Button definition description

Button	Definition	Click	Press 3 second
	Button 1: Esc / Scroll	Scroll the page of the displayed page	1. In the main display screen: enter or exit the auxiliary screen. 2. In the setting screen: exit or return to the previous screen.
	Button 2: Confirm / Shift	In the setting screen: right move the setting cursor.	1. In the main display screen: enter the setting mode. 2. In the setting screen: enter the setting state or carry out confirmation operation. 3. In the auxiliary screen: reset WIFI(see 4.4.2 for details)

4.5. Description of display screen

4.5.1. Main display screen
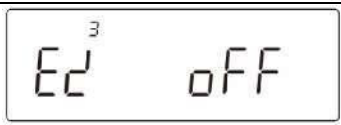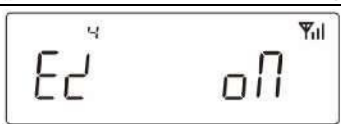
After the meter is powered on and passes the self-test process, the interface entered is defined as the main display interface, which is used to display the main measurement parameters, electric quantity data, instrument information and other data of the product. Users can scroll the display page by pressing the button 1.

LCD display	Description
Σ000335.89 kWh	Total active energy Example: Total active energy = 335.89kWh
T1 000100.80 kWh	Tariff 1 active energy Example: Tariff 1 active energy = 100.80kWh Note: Only meter that have the tariff function activated display this screen
T2 000100.06 kWh	Tariff 2 active energy Example: Tariff 2 active energy = 100.06kWh Note: Only meter that have the tariff function activated display this screen
T3 000130.00 kWh	Tariff 3 active energy Example: Tariff 3 active energy = 130.00kWh Note: Only meter that have the tariff function activated display this screen
T4 000005.03 kWh	Tariff 4 active energy Example: Tariff 4 active energy = 5.03kWh Note: Only meter that have the tariff function activated display this screen
230.0 V	Voltage Example: Voltage = 230.0V
5.002 A	Current Example: Current = 5.002A
1.650 kW	Active power Example: Active power = 1.650kW
PF 0.500	Power factor Example: Power factor = 0.500

50.02 Hz	Frequency Example: Frequency = 50.02Hz
2020.09.26	Displaying the current date of the system real-time clock. Example: The current date is September 26, 200 Note: Only mulit-tariff meter show this page
16:17.08	Displaying the current time of the system real-time clock. Example: The current time is 16:17.08 Note: Only mulit-tariff meter show this page
Addr 001	Modbus address Example: The modbus address is 1.
bd 9600	Baud rate Example: The baud rate is 9600bps.
Prty n	Parity bit Example: The Parity bit is None. Note: The value of E indicates Even, and the value of O indicates odd.
ΣPLS 1000 kWh	Pulse output mode and pulse constant of optocoupler output channel. Example: The left figure represents the total active power in the pulse output mode, and the pulse constant is 1000 imp/kWh
n 20111201	The serial number of meter Example: The serial number is 20111201.
13 03.00	Software version number

4.5.2. Auxiliary display screen

Under the main display screen, press button 1 for 3 second to enter the screen of auxiliary display. At this point, click button 1 can be scroll the page needs to be viewed. Under the screen of auxiliary display, can press button 1 for 3 second return to the main display screen. If there is no button operation in more than 1 minute under the screen of auxiliary display, the meter will automatically return to the main display screen.

LCD display	Description
1. WIFI status indicator interface	
Ed - - -	Indicates that the current WIFI is in Smartconfig state.
Ed oFF	Indicates that the current WIFI is configured but not connected to the route.
Ed oFF	Indicates that the current WIFI is configured and connected to the router, but not connected to the cloud.
Ed oⅡ	WIFI connects to a router and connects to the cloud.
Note: On this screen, press button 2 for 3 seconds, WIFI will be reset, and the meter will enter the network configuration mode.	
2. WIFI signal strength indicator interface	
rSSI 036	WIFI signal strength indicator.

4.6. Setting-up

The logical diagram of the parameter setting menu is as follows:

Main Screen	Password Enter	Communication $Conn$	Modbus address $Addr$
			Baud rate $bAUd$
			Parity bit $PrtY$
			Stop bit $StoP$

System configuration SYS
- User password PAS
- Reset rSt

Pulse output $PULS$
- Pulse output rate $PLS\ CSt$
- Pulse output width $PLS\ tIñE$
- Pulse output type $PLS\ tYPE$

Demand $dñd$
- Demand interval period $dI\ t$
- Sliding time $SLI\ d$

Time $tIñE$
- Backlight time LP
- Automatic scroll display time $SCrL$
- RTC Date $rtC\ dAtE$
- RTC Time $rtC\ tIñE$

Alarm AL
- Alarm object AL
- Alarm threshold AL
- Alarm status rLY

How to enter the "Parameter setting Menu" screen:

Step 1: In the main display screen, press button 2 for 3 second to enter the user password input mode.

$$PAS\ 0000$$

Note: The user password input screen is shown in the figure on the right.

Step 2: Enter the correct user password and press button 2 for 3 second to confirm.

How to enter a password:

A: Click button 1 to increase or decrease the number of flashing bits.
B: Click button 2 to move the flashing position to the right.
C: After entering the correct password, press button 2 for 3 second for confirmation. If the password is verified correctly, the power meter will enter the screen of "Parameter Setting menu".

Note: Under the user password input screen, can press 3 second button 1 to return to the main display screen. If there is no button operation in more than 1 minute under this screen, the power meter will automatically return to the main display screen.

4.6.1. Set communication class parameters

Communication parameters include: Modbus address, baud rate, parity bit, stop bit.

1. After entering the "Parameter Setting Menu" screen, select the setting screen (as shown in the figure below), and then press button 2 for 3 second to enter the communication parameter setting screen. `SEt Conn`	
2. Setting the modbus communication address	
`Addr 001`	Modbus address setting range: 001 to 247, default is 001. Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the setting state, and the digit of the setting becomes the flashing state. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting interface. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting menu and return to the previous setting screen.
`Addr 001`	Click button 1 to increase or decrease the number of set bits. Click button 2 can be moved the set bits to the right. Press button 2 for 3 second to confirm the setting. The meter will save the setting value and exit the setting state. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting state without saving the setting parameters.
3. Setting the baud rate	
`bd 9600`	Baud rate can be setting: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 bps, default is 9600bps. Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the setting state, and the digit of the setting becomes the flashing state. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting interface. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting menu and return to the previous setting screen.
`bd 9600`	Click button 1 to select the baud rate. Press button 2 for 3 second to confirm the setting. The meter will save the setting value and exit the setting state. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting state without saving the setting parameters.
4. Setting the parity bit	
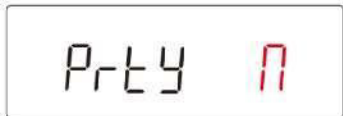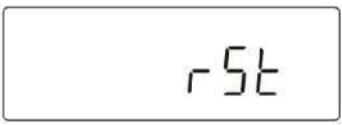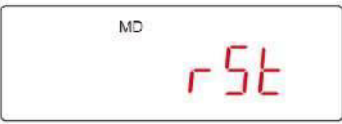
PrtY ∏	Parity bit can be setting: None, Even, Odd, default is None. Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the setting state, and the character of the setting becomes the flashing state. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting interface. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting menu and return to the previous setting screen.
PrtY ∏	Click button 1 to select the parity bit. Press button 2 for 3 second to confirm the setting. The meter will save the setting value and exit the setting state. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting state without saving the setting parameters. Note: ∏ is mean None， ᴱ is mean Even， ᴰ is mean Odd.

5. Setting the stop bit

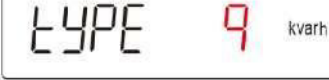|	
StoP 1	Stop bit can be setting: 1 or 2, default is 1. Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the setting state, and the digit of the setting becomes the flashing state. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting interface. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting menu and return to the previous setting screen. **Note:** The stop bit can only be set to 2 if the check bit is equal to None.
StoP 1	Click button 1 to select the stop bit. Press button 2 for 3 second to confirm the setting. The meter will save the setting value and exit the setting state. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting state without saving the setting parameters.

4.6.2. Set system class parameters

System class parameters include: user password, reset max. demand.
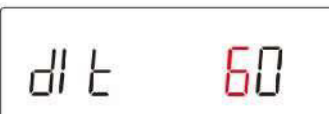
1. After entering the "Parameter Setting Menu" screen, select the setting screen (as shown in the figure below), and then press button 2 for 3 second to enter the system class parameter setting screen. SEt SYS
2. Setting user password

PAS 0000	User password setting range:0000 to 9999, default is 0000. Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the setting state, and the digit of the setting becomes the flashing state. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting interface.

	Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting menu and return to the previous setting screen.
PAS 0000	Click button 1 to increase or decrease the number of set bits. Click button 2 can be moved the set bits to the right. Press button 2 for 3 second to confirm the setting. The meter will save the setting value and exit the setting state. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting state without saving the setting parameters.
3. Reset Max. demand	
rSt	Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the reset state. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting interface. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting menu and return to the previous setting screen.
MD **rSt**	Press button 2 for 3 second to confirm the reset. The meter will reset the selected option and exit the reset state. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the reset state without reset the selected option.

4.6.3. Set pulse output class parameters

Pulse output class parameters include: pulse output type, pulse output rate and pulse output width.

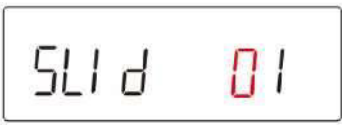| 1. After entering the "Parameter Setting Menu" screen, select the setting screen (as shown in the figure below), and then press button 2 for 3 second to enter the pulse output class parameter setting screen. **SEt PULS**	
2. Setting pulse constant	
PLS CSt	Pulse constant can be set: 1, 10, 100, 1000 imp/kWh(kvarh), default is 1000 imp/kWh(kvarh). Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the setting state, and the digit of the setting becomes the flashing state. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting interface. Press button 1 for 3 second to return to the previous level setup menu. Note: The pulse constant cannot be set to 1000 when the pulse width time is equal to 200ms.
CSt 1000	Click button 1 to select the pulse constant. Press button 2 for 3 second to confirm the setting. The power meter will save the setting value and exit the setting state. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting state without saving the setting parameters.
3. Setting pulse output width	

PL5 tI nE	The pulse output width represents the effective duration of the pulse output. Options that can be set: 60, 100, 200, unit is ms, default is 100ms. Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the setting state, and the digit of the setting becomes the flashing state. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting interface. Press button 1 for 3 second to return to the previous level setup menu. Note: When the pulse constant is equal to 1000 imp/kWh(kvarh), the pulse width time cannot be set to 200ms.
tI nE 100	Click button 1 to select the pulse output width. Press button 2 for 3 second to confirm the setting. The power meter will save the setting value and exit the setting state. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting state without saving the setting parameters.

4. Setting pulse output type

PL5 tYPE	The type of energy represented by the pulse output. Options that can be set: total active energy, import active energy, export active energy, total reactive energy, import reactive energy, export reactive energy, default is total active energy. Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the setting state, and the character of the setting becomes the flashing state. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting interface. Press button 1 for 3 second to return to the previous level setup menu.
ΣtYPE P kWh	Click button 1 to select the pulse output type. Press button 2 for 3 second to confirm the setting. The meter will save the setting value and exit the setting state. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting state without saving the setting parameters.

Note: Pulse output type corresponding to the display characte

ΣtYPE P kWh	On the left, the pulse output type is total active power
→tYPE P kWh	On the left, the pulse output type is import active power
←tYPE P kWh	On the left, the pulse output type is export active power

ᶻ ᴸYPE 9 kvarh	On the left, the pulse output type is total reactive power
→ ᴸYPE 9 kvarh	On the left, the pulse output type is import reactive power
← ᴸYPE 9 kvarh	On the left, the pulse output type is export reactive power

4.6.4.　Set demand class parameters
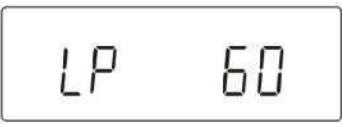
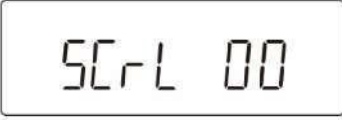Demand class parameters include: demand interval period and sliding time.
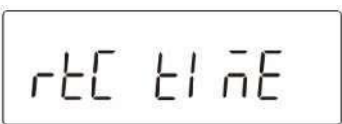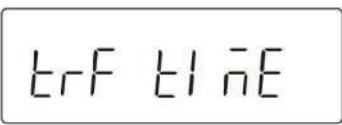
1. After entering the "Parameter Setting Menu" screen, select the setting screen (as shown in the figure below), and then press button 2 for 3 second to enter the demand class parameter setting screen. SEᴸ dñd	
2. Setting demand interval period	
dl ᴸ 60	Demand interval period can be set: 0 to 60, unit is minute, default is 60 minutes. Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the setting state, and the digit of the setting becomes the flashing state. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting interface. Press button 1 for 3 second to return to the previous level setup menu. Note: If the demand interval period is set to 0 minutes, then the demand is updated every second.
dl ᴸ 60	Click button 1 to increase or decrease the number of set bits. Click button 2 can be moved the set bits to the right. Press button 2 for 3 second to confirm the setting. The meter will save the setting value and exit the setting state. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting state without saving the setting parameters.
3. Setting sliding time	
SLl d l	Sliding time setting range: 1 to (demand interval period), unit is minutes, default is 1 minute. Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the setting state, and the digit of the setting becomes the flashing state. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting interface.

	Press button 1 for 3 second to return to the previous level setup menu. **Note:** The slip time has no effect when the demand interval period is set to 0.
5LId 0I	Click button 1 to increase or decrease the number of set bits. Click button 2 can be moved the set bits to the right. Press button 2 for 3 second to confirm the setting. The meter will save the setting value and exit the setting state. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting state without saving the setting parameters.

4.6.5.   Set time class parameters

Time class parameters include: backlight time, automatic scroll display time, System time (RTC) and Tariff time.

1. After entering the "Parameter Setting Menu" screen, select the setting screen (as shown in the figure below), and then press button 2 for 3 second to enter the time class parameter setting screen. **5Et tI ñE**
2. Setting backlight time

	Backlight time can be set: on, off, 5, 10, 30, 60, 120, unit is minute, default is 60 minutes. Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the setting state, and the character of the setting becomes the flashing state. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting interface. Press button 1 for 3 second to return to the previous level setup menu. Note: 1. The character "on" means the backlight is always on, and "off" means the backlight is always off. 2. If you need to setting other values within 120 minutes, use the communication command to do so.
LP 60	
LP 60	Click button 1 to select the backlight time. Press button 2 for 3 second to confirm the setting. The power meter will save the setting value and exit the setting state. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting state without saving the setting parameters. **Note:** ⁰ⁿ That means is on. oFF That means is off.
3. Setting automatic scroll display time	

SCrL 00	Automatic scroll display time set range: 0 to 60, unit is second, default is 0 second. Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the setting state, and the digit of the setting becomes the flashing state. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting interface. Press button 1 for 3 second to return to the previous level setup menu. **Note:** Automatic scroll display time is 0, means no automatic wheel display
SCrL 00	Click button 1 to increase or decrease the number of set bits. Click button 2 can be moved the set bits to the right. Press button 2 for 3 second to confirm the setting. The power meter will save the setting value and exit the setting state. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting state without saving the setting parameters.
4. Setting date of RTC (Only mulit-tariff meter support this menu)	
rtC dAtE	Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the setting state, and the digit of the setting becomes the flashing state. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting interface. Press button 1 for 3 second to return to the previous level setup menu.
2020.10.09	Click button 1 to increase or decrease the number of set bits. Click button 2 can be moved the set bits to the right. Press button 2 for 3 second to confirm the setting. The meter will save the setting value and exit the setting state. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting state without saving the setting parameters.
5. Setting system time (RTC) (Only mulit-tariff meter support this menu)	
rtC tI nE	Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the setting state, and the digit of the setting becomes the flashing state. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting interface. Press button 1 for 3 second to return to the previous level setup menu.
13:04:08	Click button 1 to increase or decrease the number of set bits. Click button 2 can be moved the set bits to the right. Press button 2 for 3 second to confirm the setting. The meter will save the setting value and exit the setting state. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting state without saving the setting parameters.
6. View tariff time (Only mulit-tariff meter support this menu)	
trF tI nE	View menu for tariff information. Press button 2 for 3 second to enter the screen for veiw tariff information. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next setting screen.

	Press button 1 for 3 second to return to the previous level setup menu. Note: The menu cannot be setting and can only be viewed.
![T2 SG1 06:08 display]	The screen for displaying the tariff information. 1. The number displayed on the left side of the screen represents the sequence number of the selected starting time point. The meter supports 8 starting time points and 4 tariff segments. 2. The character displayed on the right side of the screen represents the starting time of the tariff segment (format is hours: minutes). 3. T2 in the upper left corner of the screen indicates that the current tariff is T2. The meter supports 4 tariff segments. (T1 to T4) Click button 1 scroll the page and select the next screen. Press button 1 for 3 second to exit the setting state without saving the setting parameters. Note: If T0 is displayed, the time segment is invalid and does not belong to any tariff.

4.6.6. View alarm parameters

The alarm parameters include: alarm object, alarm threshold value, current alarm status.

1. After entering the "Parameter Setting Menu" screen, select the setting screen (as shown in the figure below), and then press button 2 for 3 second to enter the alarm parameter viewing screen. ![dISP AL display]
2. View alarm object (Only view)

![AL U display]	The left figure represents the alarm monitor object is voltage. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next view screen. Press button 1 for 3 second to return to the previous level setup menu.
The corresponding character table of the alarm object	

![NULL] is mean no alarm object is associated, that is, the alarm function is disabled. ![U] is mean voltage, ![I] is mean current, ![P] is mean active power, ![q] is mean reactive power, ![S] is mean apparent power, ![F] is mean frequency.
3. View alarm threshold value (Only view)

AL 220.0 v	The left figure represents that the current alarm threshold is 220.0V. When the meter detects that the voltage exceeds the threshold, it will disconnect the relay and give relevant alarm. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next view screen. Press button 1 for 3 second to return to the previous level setup menu.
4. View alarm status (Only view)	
rLY oFF	The left figure indicates that the alarm has been triggered and the relay is disconnected. Click button 1 to scroll the page and select the next view screen. Press button 1 for 3 second to return to the previous level setup menu. Note: 1. When the alarm occurs, the relay will automatically disconnect. After the alarm fault is removed, the relay needs to be closed manually. 2. In this screen, press button 2 for 3 second to enter confirm status, and then press button 2 for 3 second again to manually close the relay.
rLY on	The left figure indicates that no alarm is triggered and the relay is in the connect state.

Chapter 5. Alarm

1F-4DIN 4121 WIFI series products can support the alarm function, which is associated with the inbuilt-relay of the meter. According to the real-time measurement data of the monitored object and the set alarm threshold, if the measured data exceeds the set threshold value, the instrument will automatically disconnect the relay and perform alarm prompt. The alarm function is to compare the measured data of the monitored object with the alarm threshold value every second, to judge whether the alarm threshold value is exceeded, and if it is, the alarm action will be triggered.

5.1.   Alarm parameter description

1. Alarm monitoring object: the measurement parameters associated with the alarm. The meter compares the data of the measurement parameters every second to determine whether the alarm threshold is exceeded, so as to decide whether to trigger the alarm. The alarm monitoring object supports six measurement parameters. The specific alarm object is shown in Table 7-1 below.

2. Alarm action delay time: When an alarm event occurs, the alarm action will be performed only after the delay time. If the delay time is set to 0, the alarm action will be executed immediately.

3. Alarm threshold: When the measured data of the monitored object is greater than this threshold,

an alarm event will be triggered.

Table 7-1: Alarm monitoring object

Number	Alarm parameter
0	Voltage
1	Current
2	Active power
3	Reactive power
4	Apparent power
5	Frequency

5.2.　Alarm parameter setting process

Step1: Binding the alarm monitoring object.

Step2: Setting the **alarm action delay time**.

Step3: Setting **alarm threshold** value.

Note:

1, alarm parameters support communication command setting, the setting menu only provides the function of viewing.

2. Before resetting the alarm monitoring object each time, it is necessary to pay attention to the value of the threshold value to prevent the alarm from being triggered by mistake.

5.3.　Alarm action process

After the alarm monitoring object is associated, the meter compares the measured data and alarm threshold value of the monitored object every second, if the measured data is greater than the alarm threshold value, the alarm event will be triggered. At this time, the meter will judge whether the "alarm action delay time" is equal to 0. If it is equal to 0, the following alarm action will be executed immediately; if it is not equal to 0, the following alarm action will be performed first.

Alarm action of meter:

1. Disconnect the meter inbuilt-relay.

2. The LCD will display the alarm icon: ⚠

3. Light the relay indicator light of the meter.

4. Generates an SOE event and records it to memory.

Note:

1. When the instrument alarms, in order to prevent the closure of the relay before the fault is removed, it is necessary to manually close the relay after troubleshooting the fault. The operation mode of manually closed relay supports key operation and remote communication operation.

2. SOE event information can be read by RS485 communication.

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Appendix

Appendix A – LCD character definition table

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
U	V	W	X	Y	Z				

Appendix B – Failure code reference table

No.	Fault code	Fault description
1	Err-01	Relay cannot be disconnected fault
2	Err-02	The battery voltage is too low.
3	Err-03	1. Relay cannot be disconnected faul 2. The battery voltage is too low
4	Err-04	WIFI module fault
5	Err-05	1. Relay cannot be disconnected faul 2. WIFI module fault
6	Err-06	1. The battery voltage is too low 2. WIFI module fault
7	Err-07	1. Relay cannot be disconnected faul 2. The battery voltage is too low 3. WIFI module fault

Appendix C – Alarm prompt comparison table

No.	The action of the meter	Alarm definition
1	LCD display alarm icon ⚠, but no fault code	The overlimit alarm of the monitored object occurs
2	LCD does not display alarm icon ⚠, but it does display fault code	Meter fault

Appendix D – WIFI indicator status table

No.	WIFI LED flashing status	Description
1	Fast flashing	Indicates that the current WIFI is in Smartconfig state.
2	Slow flashing	Indicates that the current WIFI is in AP-config state.
3	On for 0.25 seconds and off for 2 seconds	Indicates that the current WIFI is configured but not connected to the route.
4	On for 0.25 seconds and off for 1 seconds	Indicates that the current WIFI is configured and connected to the router, but not connected to the cloud.
5	On	WIFI connects to a router and connects to the cloud.